

Problem 1

Answer the following questions: (05/小題)

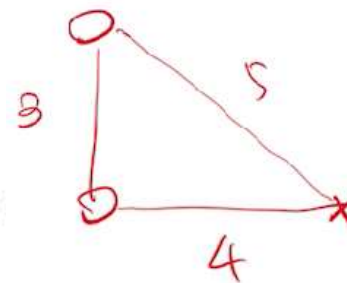
(a) Two small identical speakers are connected (in phase) to the same source. The speakers are 3 m apart and at ear level. An observer stands at X , 4 m in front of one speaker as shown in the figure. If the amplitudes are not changed, the sound he hears will be least intense if the wavelength = _____ m



01: **ANS:=2**

(b) following (a), the sound he hears will be most intense if the wavelength = _____ m

02: **ANS:=1**



$$d = 5 - 4 = 1$$

$$d = \frac{\lambda}{2} \rightarrow \text{destructive}$$

$$\lambda = 2d = 2 \leftarrow \text{least intensive}$$

$$d = \lambda \Rightarrow \text{constructive}$$

$$\lambda = 1 \leftarrow \text{most intensive}$$

(c) A whistle emits a tone of frequency = 170 Hz. Take the speed of sound in air to be 340 m/s. The wavelength of this sound is _____ m.

$$v = \lambda f$$

03: ANS: = 2

$$340 = \lambda (170) \Rightarrow \lambda = 2$$

(d) The sound intensity 5.0 m from a point source is 0.50 W/m². The power output of the source = _____ W

04: ANS: = 160

$$P = I (4\pi r^2) = (0.5)(4\pi)(5)^2 = 157.1$$

(e) A piano wire has a length of 81 cm and a mass of 2.0 g. If its fundamental frequency is to be 394 Hz, its tension = _____ N

05: ANS: = 63

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{\tau}{\mu}} \quad \tau = \mu v^2$$

$$v = \lambda f \quad \lambda = \frac{L}{2} = \frac{0.81}{2} = 0.405$$

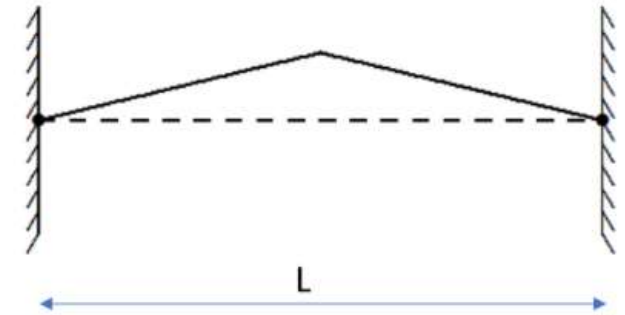
$$v = (0.405)(394) = 159.6$$

$$\mu = \frac{0.002}{0.81} = 2.47 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\tau = \mu v^2 = (2.47 \times 10^{-3})(159.6)^2 = 62.87$$

Problem 2

A stretched wire of length 1.0 m is clamped at both ends. It is plucked at its center as shown. Find the three longest wavelengths in the wire. (03小題)



(a) longest, $\lambda_1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ m

06: ANS:=2

(b) the 2nd long, $\lambda_2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ m

07: ANS:=0.667

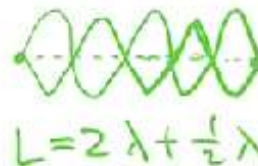
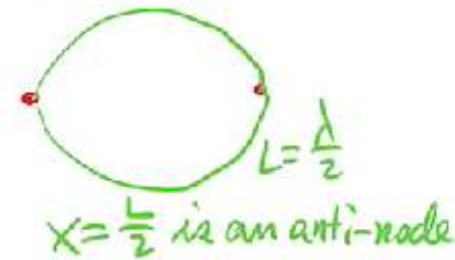
(3) the 3rd long, $\lambda_3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ m

08: ANS:=0.4

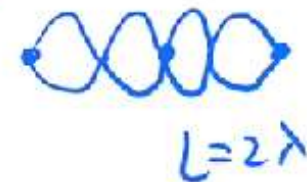
兩端夾著一根長度為 1.0 m 的拉伸絃線。如圖所示，它在其中中心被撥絃。找出絃中三個最長的波長。

兩端固定之駐波：

$$\lambda_1 = 2L$$



$x = \frac{L}{2}$ as a node



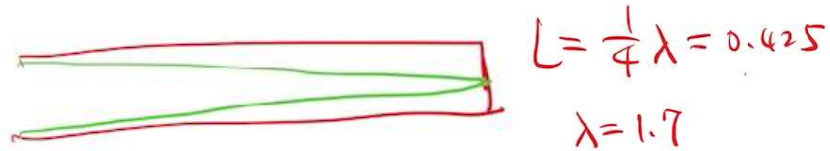
$$\lambda_1 = 2L = 2$$

$$\lambda_2 = \frac{2}{3}L = \frac{2}{3} = 0.667$$

$$\lambda_3 = \frac{2}{5}L = \frac{2}{5} = 0.4$$

Problem 3

Answer the following questions: (05小題)



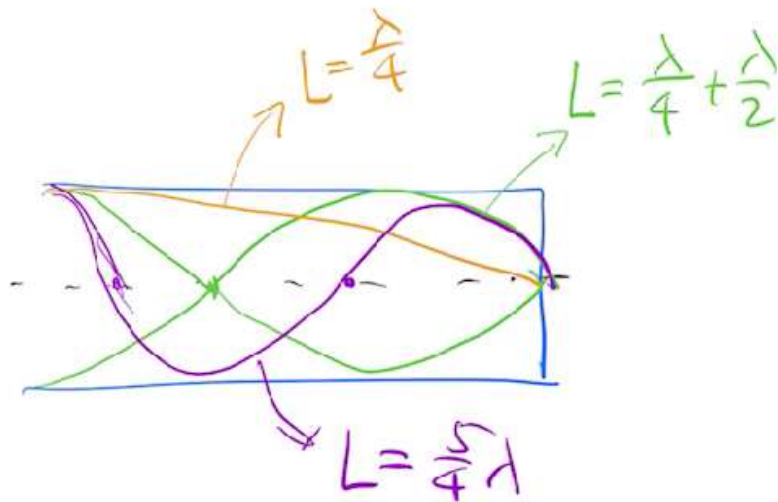
(a) A column of argon is **open at one end and closed at the other**. The shortest length of such a column that will resonate with a 200 Hz tuning fork is 42.5 cm. The speed of sound in argon = _____ m/s

09: ANS:=340

$$v = \lambda f = 1.7 (200) = 340$$

(b) A 1024 Hz tuning fork is used to obtain a series of resonance levels in a gas column of variable length, **with one end closed and the other open**. The length of the column changes by 20 cm from resonance to resonance. From this data, the speed of sound in this gas = _____ m/s

10: ANS:=410



$$L = \frac{\lambda}{4} + n \left(\frac{\lambda}{2} \right) \quad \lambda = \frac{340}{1024} = 332 \text{ cm}$$

$$L_0 = \frac{\lambda}{4}$$

$$L_1 = \frac{3}{4} \lambda$$

$$L_2 = \frac{5}{4} \lambda$$

$$\Delta L = \frac{\lambda}{2} = 0.2$$

$$\lambda = 0.4$$

$$v = \lambda f = 0.4 (1024) = 409.6$$

(c) If the speed of sound is 340 m/s, find the length of the shortest **closed** pipe that resonates at 218 Hz. length = _____ m

11: ANS:=0.39

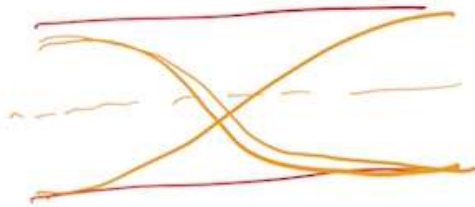
$$L = \frac{\lambda}{4} = \frac{1}{4} \frac{v}{f} = \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{340}{218} = 0.39 \text{ (m)}$$

(d) The lowest tone produced by a certain organ comes from a 3.0 m pipe with **both ends open**. If the speed of sound is 340 m/s, the frequency of this tone = _____ Hz

12: ANS: = 57

(e) When listening to tuning forks of frequency 256 Hz and 260 Hz, how many beats does one hear per second?
Ans. = _____

13: ANS: = 4



$$L = \frac{\lambda}{2}, \quad \lambda = 2L = 2(3) = 6$$

$$f = \frac{v}{\lambda} = \frac{340}{6} = 56.67$$

$$S(t) = (2 S_m \cos \omega' t) \cos \omega t$$

$$\omega' = \frac{1}{2} (\omega_1 - \omega_2), \quad \omega_1 \approx \omega_2$$

$$\omega = \frac{1}{2} (\omega_1 + \omega_2) \quad \omega_1 > \omega_2$$

$$\omega_{\text{beat}} = 2\omega'$$



$$f' = \frac{1}{2} (f_1 - f_2) = \frac{1}{2} (260 - 256) = 2$$

$$f_{\text{beat}} = 2f' = 4$$

Problem 4

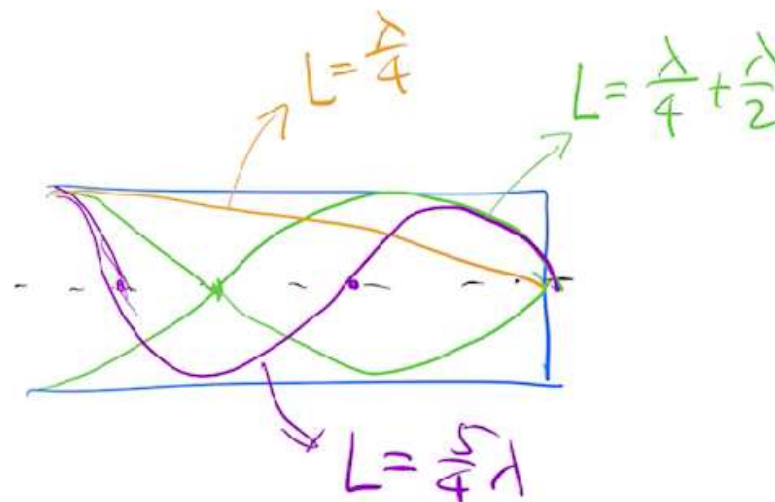
If the speed of sound is 340 m/s, find the two lowest frequencies of an 0.5 m organ pipe, closed at one end. (02小題)

(a) the lowest frequency = _____ Hz

14: ANS: = 170

(b) the 2nd lowest frequency = _____ Hz

15: ANS: = 510



lowest $f \rightarrow$ longest λ

$$\lambda_1 = 4L \rightarrow f_1 = \frac{v}{\lambda_1} = \frac{340}{2} = 170$$

$= 4(0.5)$
 $= 2$

$$\lambda_2 = \frac{4}{3}L = \frac{4}{3}(0.5) \quad f_2 = \frac{340}{\frac{2}{3}} = 170 \times 3 = 510$$

$$L = \frac{\lambda}{4} + n\left(\frac{\lambda}{2}\right) \quad \lambda = \frac{340}{1024} = 332 \text{ cm}$$

$$L_0 = \frac{\lambda}{4}$$

$$L_1 = \frac{3}{4}\lambda$$

$$L_2 = \frac{5}{4}\lambda$$

$$\Delta L = \frac{\lambda}{2} = 0.2$$

$$\lambda = 0.4$$

$$v = \lambda f = 0.4(1024) = 409.6$$

Problem 5

The Doppler Effect

$$f' = f \frac{v \pm v_o}{v \pm v_s}$$

Answer the following questions: (04小題)

(a) A stationary source generates 5.0 Hz water waves whose speed is 2.0 m/s. A boat is approaching the source at 10 m/s. Find the frequency of these waves as observed by a person in the boat. frequency = _____ Hz

16: ANS: = 30

$$f' = 5 \times \frac{v + v_o}{v} = 5 \cdot \frac{2 + 10}{2} = 30$$

(b) A stationary source emits a sound wave of frequency f . If it were possible for a man to travel toward the source at the speed of sound, he would observe the emitted sound to have a frequency = _____ f

17: ANS: = 2

$$f' = f \cdot \frac{v + v}{v} = 2f$$

(c) A source emits sound with a frequency of 1000 Hz. It and an observer are moving toward each other, each with a speed of 100 m/s. If the speed of sound is 340 m/s, the observer hears sound with a frequency = _____ Hz

18: ANS: = 1830

$$f' = 1000 \cdot \frac{340 + 100}{340 - 100} = 1833.3$$

(d) A tuning fork of unknown frequency makes 3.00 beats per second with a standard fork of frequency 384 Hz. The beat frequency decreases when a small piece of wax is put on a prong of the first fork. What is the frequency of this fork? Ans. = _____ Hz

19: ANS: = 387

U Wax 會使音叉頻率下降 $\omega = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}$ $m \uparrow, \omega \downarrow$

$$f_{\text{beat}} = f_1 - f_2 \Rightarrow f_{\text{unknown}} = 381 \text{ or } 387$$
$$3 = 384 - f_2 \quad \text{若 wax 在 381 上, } f \downarrow \Rightarrow f_{\text{beat}} \uparrow$$
$$= f_1 - 384 \quad \text{\#5 是 387 不合} \Rightarrow f_{\text{unk}} = 387$$

未知頻率的音叉用頻率為 384 Hz 的標準音叉每秒產生 3.00 拍。當在第一個音叉的叉頭上放一小塊蠟時，拍頻會降低。這個音叉的頻率是多少？

Problem 6

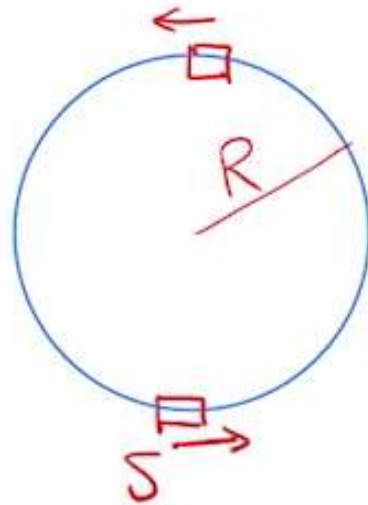
A whistle of frequency 540 Hz moves in a circle of radius 60.0 cm at an angular speed of 15.0 rad/s. What are the (a) lowest and (b) highest frequencies heard by a listener a long distance away, at rest with respect to the center of the circle? (02小題)

(a) lowest frequency = _____ Hz

20: ANS: = 526

(b) highest frequency = _____ Hz

21: ANS: = 555



$$\begin{aligned} v_s &= R\omega \\ &= 0.6(15) \\ &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

$\times$
 D

$$\begin{aligned} f' &= f \frac{v}{v \pm v_s} \\ &= 540 \left(\frac{340}{340 \pm 9} \right) \\ &= \begin{cases} 526 \\ 555 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$